completed our work and called it a day. My beard and uniform were removed. I changed back into my business suit, and re-entered the 21st century. And while I was able to return to my wife and my home for the evening, the cast and crew retired to nearby hotels and started preparations for the next day's filming, which would start with the first light of the morning sun.

Many have asked me why I would take the time to play this role in a film, especially considering that I do not attend many movies. The answer is simple. I have long sought to promote the teaching and understanding of our Nation's history. I have helped to create Federal initiatives that focus on American history. I have talked countless times about George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, Alexander Hamilton, John Adams, the Founding Fathers, the Constitutional Framers, Nathan Hale, Abraham Lincoln, and other true American heroes. I try to encourage young people to learn about these great figures of our country's past. I urge students to read, to visit historical sites, and to soak up as much knowledge as they can. This film allowed me the opportunity to help bring American history to life, to spring it from the pages of history books into the flickering images of the movie screen. In a small way, through this role, I am continuing to promote the understanding of our Nation's history. I thank Mr. Maxwell and the other actors for giving me such an opportunity.

In the days since my cameo appearance as General Semmes, I have reflected on our Nation's experiences during the Civil War and what lessons we can draw from our past during the current conflict at home and overseas. I worry about the men and women of our Armed Forces who are engaged in action in Afghanistan. I am concerned about our lack of preparedness to prevent further terrorist attacks from occurring on our home soil, and to respond should. God forbid, another tragedy be inflicted upon our shores. I wonder what kind of world we will leave for my two great-granddaughters, Caroline Byrd Fatemi and Kathryn James Fatemi. I hope that those of us in positions of leadership can have the same strength of character and dedication to our country as the Nation's leaders exemplified during the Civil War. I pray that the American people have the fortitude, the willingness to sacrifice, and the patience that will no doubt be necessary during what I continue to believe may be a long battle against terrorism. At the same time, it is clear that the American people will need steadfastness and determination to move forward from the September 11 tragedies. I am thankful that we live in a country that can confront a crisis with strength and moral certainty without abandoning the very principles and values that we hold most dear.

The final words in scene 158 of "Gods and Generals" come from General Lee. After hearing from his advisors about the preparations and planning for the upcoming battle, General Lee commends them and says, "The rest is in God's Hands." We can say the same today. We are making preparations and planning for the future. The rest is in God's Hands.

CHANGES TO H. CON. RES. 83 PURSUANT TO SECTION 213

Mr. CONRAD. Madam President, section 213 of H. Con. Res. 83, the fiscal year 2002 Budget Resolution, permits the chairman of the Senate Budget Committee to make adjustments to the allocation of budget authority and outlays to the Senate Committee on Agriculture, provided certain conditions are met.

Pursuant to section 213, I hereby submit the following revisions to H. Con. Res. 83:

	Dollars in millions
Current Allocation to Senate Agriculture Committee:	
FY 2002 Budget Authority	\$21.175
FY 2002 Outlays	17.856
FY 2002-06 Budget Authority	69,640
FY 2002-06 Outlays	52,349
FY 2002-11 Budget Authority	114,692
FY 2002–11 Outlays	80,210
Adjustments:	00,210
FY 2002 Budget Authority	0
FY 2002 Outlays	Õ
FY 2002–06 Budget Authority	33.514
FY 2002–06 Outlays	32.141
FY 2002–11 Budget Authority	66,089
FY 2002–11 Outlays	65.363
Revised Allocation to Senate Agriculture Committee:	00,000
FY 2002 Budget Authority	21.175
FY 2002 Outlays	17.856
FY 2002–06 Budget Authority	103.154
FY 2002–06 Outlays	84,490
FY 2002—11 Budget Authority	180.781
FV 2002—11 Dudget Authority	
FY 2002–11 Outlays	145,573

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 2001

Mr. SMITH of Oregon. Madam President, I rise today to speak about hate crimes legislation I introduced with Senator Kennedy in March of this year. The Local Law Enforcement Act of 2001 would add new categories to current hate crimes legislation sending a signal that violence of any kind is unacceptable in our society.

I would like to describe a terrible crime that occurred May 16, 1995 in Eau Claire, WI. A man was beaten by another man who used anti-gay slurs during the assault, and claimed the victim made homosexual advances toward him. The assailant, Chad A. Johnson, 19, was charged with attempted firstdegree intentional homicide under the State hate crime law. I believe that Government's first duty is to defend its citizens, to defend them against the harms that come out of hate. The Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act of 2001 is now a symbol that can become substance. I believe that by passing this legislation, we can change hearts and minds as well.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Ms. Evans, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

At 2:15 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Hays, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bills, without amendment:

S. 1459. An act to designate the Federal building and United States courthouse located at 550 West Fort Street in Boise, Idaho, a the "James A. McClure Federal Building and United States Courthouse."

S. 1573. An act to authorize the provision of educational and health care assistance to the women and children of Afghanistan.

The message also announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolutions, without amendment:

S. Con. Res. 44. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress regarding National Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day.

S. Con. Res. 82. Concurrent resolution authorizing the 2002 Winter Olympics Torch Relay to come onto the Capitol Grounds.

The message further announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 1230. An act to provide for the establishment of the Detroit River International Wildlife Refuge in the State of Michigan, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1259. An act to amend the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act to enhance the ability of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to improve computer security, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1913. An act to require the evaluation of nontribal interest ownership of subsurface rights within the boundaries of the Acoma Indian Reservation, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2983. An act to extend indemnification authority under section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3189. An act to extend the Export Administration Act until April 20, 2002.

The message also announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolutions, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H. Con. Res. 157. Concurrent resolution recognizing and honoring Joseph Henry for his significant and distinguished role in the development and advancement of science and electricity.

H. Con. Res. 270. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that Americans should take the time during Native